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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/435,373	11/05/1999	SHIGEKI OUCHI	RCOH-1020 5161	
21302 7590 01/29/2004			EXAMINER	
KNOBLE, YO	OSHIDA & DUNLE	LE, BRIAN Q		
EIGHT PENN CENTER SUITE 1350, 1628 JOHN F KENNEDY BLVD PHILADELPHIA, PA 19103				
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2623	1 1
			DATE MAILED: 01/29/2004	()

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/435,373	OUCHI, SHIGEKI				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Brian Q Le	2623				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply if NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period versioner to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>08 Description</u>	ecember 2003.					
	action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims		•				
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-36</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-36</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	r clastian requirement					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers	r election requirement.					
_	_					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex		• •				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a))-(d) or (f).				
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority 	s have been received in Application					
application from the International Bureau	(PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	-				
 * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic 						
since a specific reference was included in the firs 37 CFR 1.78.	st sentence of the specification or	in an Application Data Sheet.				
a) The translation of the foreign language pro						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic reference was included in the first sentence of the						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	5) 🔲 Notice of Informal Pa	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) atent Application (PTO-152)				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	6)					

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Response to Amendment and Arguments

1. Applicant's amendment filed December 8, 2003, has been entered and made of record.

2. Applicant's arguments with regard to claims 1, 2, 13-14, 19, 31 and 32 have been fully considered, but are not considered persuasive because of the following reasons:

For claims 1, 2 and 19, at the request of the Applicant, the Examiner had closely considered FIG. 4, page6, line 16 through page 7, line 22, and especially the stated portion by the Applicant on page 3 of the remark. However, there is no indication regarding the relationship of how a likelihood being determined by a single value based upon multiple criteria. As indicated by the Applicant, the Examiner agrees that there are multiple criteria. However, the Examiner respectfully requests the Applicant to show how are these multiple criteria are fit in a single value. The relationship of "likelihood being determined by a single value based upon multiple criteria" is not indicated in the specification.

Regarding claims 13, 14, 31 and 32, the Applicant argues that Chen reference is not related to the title extraction or the title search in the text and that the Examiner did not point out motivation in combining Katsuyama and Chen references. First of all, the Examiner did not use Chen reference to teach the limitation of title extraction. The Examiner used Chen reference to show the teaching of text extraction whether extracting title, selected image or selected text wherein said multiple criteria include an indication of whether or not said characters end in an noun form. This is concept is motivated by the referred operations in order to enhance the extraction and selection (chen, column 6, lines 13-23). Thus, the Examiner has shown the limitation and the motivation in combining Chen with Katsuyama.

Thus, the rejections of all of the claims are maintained.

Specification

3. The Amendment to the Specification filed on December 08,2003 has been considered. However, there are no substantial changes compared to the original paragraph (beginning on page 7, lines 10-22). The Examiner urges the Applicant to further indicate the changes of amended paragraph.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 4. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.
- Claims 1, 2 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. The remarks filed on October 23, 2002, the Applicant claimed that FIG. 4 and specification page 10, lines 10-22 supported the amended claims 1 and 19. However, nowhere in the mentioned locations by Applicant or anywhere else of the specification or the drawings show the teaching of "likelihood being determined by a single value based upon multiple criteria ... multiple criteria comprising natural language likelihood and any combination of character row area coordinates, character type ... and character minimum circumscribing rectangle size".

 Regarding claim 2, the claimed limitation "single value includes ... on said multiple criteria" was not support by the specification also. As best understood in relation to FIG. 7, the single

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value in the specification is not based on any multiple criteria, but only on one criteria for example boxes A504, A605, A704 ... etc in according to different methods.

6. Claims 1 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. Again, nowhere in the mentioned locations by Applicant or anywhere else of the specification or the drawing show the teaching of "likelihood being determined by a single value based upon multiple criteria ... multiple criteria comprising natural langue likelihood and any combination of character row area coordinates, character type ... and character minimum circumscribing rectangle size."

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

7. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 8. Claims 1-12, 15-30 and 33-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Katsuyama U.S. Patent No. 6,035,061.

Referring to claim 1, Katsuyama teaches a method of determining a title from a document image (FIG. 1, element 3), comprising:

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Dividing the document image into minimal circumscribing rectangles which contain a character image (FIG. 18, "circumscribed rectangle");

Recognizing characters in said minimal circumscribing rectangles (and FIG. 5, S31 and FIG. 3, S5); and

Determining a title of the document image (FIG. 40, S112) based upon a likelihood of each of said minimal circumscribing rectangles containing a title (column 6, lines 1-6), said likelihood being determined by a single value based upon multiple criteria obtained during said character recognition and said title determination, said multiple criteria comprising natural language likelihood and any combination of character row area coordinates (relative position) (FIG. 40, S111), character minimum circumscribing rectangle coordinates (rectangle with information of relation of relative positions) (FIG. 40, S113), and character minimum circumscribing rectangle size (height) (FIG. 40, S111).

Referring to claim 2, Katsuyama teaches the concept of determining a tile from a document (as disclosed in claim 1) where single value includes (display/histogram) a sum of points (black pixels) (column 11, line 4-43) based on said multiple criteria.

Regarding claim 3, Katsuyama teaches the method of determining a title from a document image wherein said multiple criteria include characteristics on font (column 6, lines 35-37).

For claim 4, Katsuyama teaches the method of determining a title from a document image where said font characteristics include a frequency of a particular font type (frequency value of heights) (FIG. 5, S22 and S26).

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For claim 5, Katsuyama also discloses character recognition further includes an act of matching said characters with a set of predetermined words (predetermined threshold), said predetermined words indicating said title (column 6, lines 21-34).

And claim 6, Katsuyama describes a result of said matching with said multiple criteria include predetermined words (column 6, lines 21-34).

Regarding claim 7, Katsuyama teaches the method of determining a title from a document image wherein said multiple criteria include a number of said characters (FIG. 52, S149).

For claim 8, Katsuyama teaches the method of determining a title from a document image wherein said number of said characters is compared to a predetermined maximal threshold number (column 35, line 2-5).

Regarding claim 9, Katsuyama teaches multiple criteria include an assurance level of said character recognition (column 7, line 11-17).

For claim 10, Katsuyama further teaches an assurance level is compared to a predetermined maximal threshold ("at most") value (column 7, line 11-17).

For claim 11, Katsuyama teaches the method of determining a title from a document image wherein said multiple criteria include layout characteristics (FIG. 53).

For claim 12, Katsuyama teaches multiple criteria that include centering and underlining (column 6, line 1-5 and column 22, line 37-40) size (column 8, lines 1-8), or any combination thereof (column 8, lines 19-22).

Regarding claim 15, Katsuyama teaches the concept wherein multiple criteria includes a ratio between a length and height of each of said circumscribing rectangles (column 22, line 0-9).

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For claim 16, Katsuyama also teaches multiple criteria wherein includes a ratio between a summed width (column 10, line 67 and column 11, line 0-6) of said characters and a corresponding one of said circumscribing rectangles (column 23, line 0-10 and column 32, line 27-29).

Referring to claim 17, Katsuyama also teaches that likelihood can be adjusted according to a type of said image documents (column 8, line 10-22).

For claim 18, Katsuyama teaches a method wherein said title can be combined with a keyword (column 2, line 55-59).

For claim 19, please refer back to claim 1.

For claims 20-30, please refer back to explanation of claims 2-12 respectively.

Also for claims 33-36, please refer back to claims 15-18 respectively.

9. Claims 13, 14, 31 and 32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Katsuyama et al. U.S. Patent No. 6,035,061 as applied to claim 2 above, and further in view of Chen et al. U.S. Patent No. 5,745,600.

Referring to claim 13, Katsuyama failed to disclose a method of determining a title from a document image wherein said multiple criteria indicates whether or not said characters end in a noun form. However, Chen teaches a method that whether extracting title, selected image or selected text wherein characters end in a various forms (column 15, line 10-55). Therefore, it would have been obvious for to determine whether characters are noun or other forms of the word to generate multiple criteria about the title of document images because each reference uses bounding boxes to located words and makes determinations about those words and determining

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the for of word allows easier verification of the areas of a document. This would enhance the process of extraction and selection of text.

And to claim 14, Katsuyama also failed to disclose the method of determining a title from a document image wherein said multiple criteria indicates whether or not said characters end in a set of predetermined suffixes. Again, Chen further teaches a method that identifies world wherein multiple criteria indicates whether or not said characters end in a set of predetermined suffixes or prefixes (column 15, line 45-55). Modifying Katsuyama's method of title extracting according to Chen would increase the probability determining the title of the document by identifying the suffixes or prefixes. This would improve processing and therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Katsuyama's according to Chen.

For claims 31 and 32, please refer back to claims 13 and 14 respectively.

Conclusion

10. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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Contact Information

11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Brian Q Le whose telephone number is 703-305-5083. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 A.M - 5:30 P.M.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Amelia Au can be reached on 703-308-6604. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-308-5397 for regular communications and 703-308-5397 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-305-3900.

BL January 23, 2004

> SAMIR AHMED PRIMARY EXAMINER